


















































































































































	<p>Sections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Annuals • Perennials • Vines • Grasses and Sedges • Shrubs
ANNUALS	
	<p>Blanketflower <i>Gaillardia pulchella</i> aka <i>Firewheel, Indian Blanket</i></p> <p> Moderate Deer Resistance  Moderate Water Use  Full or Partial Sun  up to 2' tall, up to 2' spread</p> <p>Yellow, red, brownish bloom May – August; an annual but is easy to grow and re-seeds easily; tolerates heat and dryness.</p>
	<p>Clasping Coneflower <i>Rudbeckia amplexicaulis</i></p> <p> Low Deer Resistance  High Water Use  Sun/partial shade  up to 3' high; up to 2' spread</p> <p>Yellow, reddish blooms from April – July; easy to grow; likes good drainage but not totally dry soil.</p>
PERENNIALS	
	<p>Black-eyed Susan <i>Rudbeckia hirta</i></p> <p> Low Deer Resistance  Medium Water Use  Full or Partial Sun  up to 3' tall, up to 2' spread</p> <p>A classic perennial for any garden. With its large yellow flowers with dark centers this plant knows how to combine beauty with toughness. It forms a clump of tall beautiful flowers that can be used as cut flowers or for attracting butterflies. Plant in mass for an amazing show of color.</p>
	<p>Blue-Eyed Grass <i>Sisyrinchium angustifolium</i></p> <p> No Deer Resistance  Medium Water Use  Sun, part shade  up to 18" tall</p> <p>Blue blooms March – July; plant forms dense tufted clumps that look like grass with flower stems up to 18" tall; should be divided every other year. Works well as a border. This is a short-lived perennial, but it produces ample seeds and is easy to start from seed.</p>







	<p>Blue Flax <i>Linum lewisii</i> aka <i>Prairie Flax</i></p> <p>🦌 Low Deer Resistance 🌧 Moderate Water Use ☀ Sun 📏 up to 1.5' high; spreads up to 1.5'</p> <p>Blooms March-September. Each stem produces several saucer shaped flowers, blooming from the bottom up, each one lasting only a day. Flowers are pale blue, with 5 petals, veined in darker blue. The fruit is a round, smooth, shiny brown capsule. Plant in masses or with tall grasses and wildflowers to hide the plant's leggy stems. Works well in rocky gardens, borders or containers.</p>
	<p>Calylophus <i>Calylophus drummondianus</i></p> <p>🦌 Moderate Deer Resistance 🌧 Low Water Use ☀ Sun, Part Sun 📏 up to 24" high; up to 36" spread</p> <p>A drought tolerant, low-growing, spreading perennial. The bright yellow flowers are two inches across and will bring butterflies and other pollinators streaming into your garden. Evergreen in mild winters.</p>
	<p>Chile Pequin <i>Capsicum annuum var. aviculare</i></p> <p>🦌 Moderate Deer Resistance 🌧 Medium Water Use ☀ Sun/partial shade 📏 2'-5' high; 24"-36" spread</p> <p>The best of both worlds in one plant! A beautiful, drought tolerant plant that forms a bushy mound topped with tons of bright red chilies. The chilies are no bigger than 1" but are extremely hot. It can be designed into perennial beds or used in containers as an accent. This plant loves the heat and is surprisingly tolerant to salt soils and deer.</p>
	<p>Columbine, Texas Gold <i>Aquilegia chrysantha var. hinckleyana</i></p> <p>🦌 Low Deer Resistance 🌧 Moderate Water Use ☀ Part shade/shade 📏 up to 3' hig</p> <p>One of the best bloomers for shade gardens. Sprays of yellow flowers top lush green foliage in spring. Foliage fades in summer but can be cut back for new fall flush. Readily re-seeds. Likes moisture but needs well drained soil. Good nectar source in early spring.</p>
	<p>Copper Canyon Daisy <i>Tagetes lemmonii</i></p> <p>🦌 High Deer Resistance 🌧 Low Water Use ☀ Sun 📏 3' – 6' high; 4' – 6' spread</p> <p>This large mounding shrub will provide a beautiful show of golden/yellow flowers in the fall. Happy in well-drained soil, it will withstand lots of sun and is very drought tolerant. Its fine leaves have a strong distinct aroma that keeps pests away including deer. You can trim tips until summer to keep it smaller.</p>
	<p>Lance-leaf Coreopsis <i>Coreopsis lanceolata</i> aka <i>Tickseed</i></p> <p>🦌 Low Deer Resistance 🌧 Moderate Water Use ☀ Sun/partial shade 📏 12"-18" high; 12"-18" spread</p> <p>This is the easiest to grow coreopsis. It is drought tolerant, but will bloom longer with a little additional watering. Bees and other pollinators love it. Deadheading encourages repeat blooming. Short-lived perennial but self-seeds.</p>































	<p>Datura <i>Datura wrightii</i> aka Jimson Weed</p> <p> High Deer Resistance  Low Water Use  Sun/part sun  up to 3' high; up to 6' spread</p> <p>Made famous by artwork of Georgia O'Keefe, this perennial forms a large mound of dark green leaves and oversized blooms. The huge, white trumpet flowers open at dusk and close mid-morning. It is very drought tolerant, will grow in poor soil, and loves the heat. Datura dies back to the ground in the winter but comes back bigger and better. All parts of this plant are poisonous!</p>
	<p>Fall Obedient Plant <i>Physostegia virginiana</i></p> <p> Low Deer Resistance  Moderate – High Water Use  Sun-Shade  up to 3' high; up to 2' spread</p> <p>This perennial can reach 3 feet tall and towers over the smaller plants with beautiful pink-violet spike flowers. It's easy to grow and can spread quickly, so be sure to give it plenty of room. It will need a bit more moisture than some of the other natives in your garden.</p>
	<p>Flame Acanthus <i>Anisacanthus quadrifidus var. wrightii</i></p> <p> High Deer Resistance  Low Water Use  Sun/partial shade  3' high; 3'-4' spread</p> <p>Growing to be a small, airy shrub, this spreading perennial has bright red flowers against a striking light green backdrop. It is great for xeric gardens and loves the heat, but does need moderate water to improve blooming. Shear back in winter to improve form and flowering. Hummingbirds go wild for the orange red tubular flowers.</p>
	<p>Frog Fruit <i>Phyla nodiflora var. incisa</i></p> <p> Moderate Deer Resistance  Low/Medium Water Use  Sun/partial shade  3" high; 24" spread</p> <p>This Texas native is often overlooked, but can be a valuable groundcover with its broad, smooth leaves and creeping nature. The petite flowers are white encircling a purple center and cover the ground profusely. It is drought tolerant, however it produces a much fuller plant given regular water.</p>
	<p>Gaura <i>Oenothera lindheimeri</i></p> <p> Low Deer Resistance  Low/Medium Water Use  Sun/part sun  up to 3" high; up to 3' spread</p> <p>An airy, clumping perennial with delicate flower sprays like butterflies. Blooming begins in the early spring and can be prolonged until fall by removing the spent flower spikes. Easy to grow. Good in back of perennial border. Tolerates high heat.</p>
	<p>Gregg's Mistflower <i>Eupatorium greggii</i> aka Conoclinium greggii</p> <p> Low Deer Resistance  Medium Water Use  Sun/partial shade  12"-18" high; 12"-24" spread</p>































	<p>An upright perennial with bright green foliage and powdery blue, puffy flowers. It is a moderately fast spreading grower and needs regular watering. The flowers are a unique explosion of color and attract many butterflies.</p>
	<p>Goldenrod, Prairie <i>Solidago nemoralis</i> <i>aka Gray Goldenrod</i></p> <p> <i>Low Deer Resistance</i>  <i>Low Water Use</i>  <i>Sun/partial sun</i>  up to 2' high; up to 2' spread</p> <p>One of the smallest goldenrods. Clumps of slender, gray-downy stems produce yellow plumes that gives it a vase-shaped appearance. Attracts birds, bees, butterflies. Individual plants bloom at various times, thus extending the flowering season. Not aggressive, spreads by rhizomes and seeds.</p>
	<p>Goldenrod, Tall <i>Solidago altissima</i></p> <p> <i>Moderate Deer Resistance</i>  <i>Moderate Water Use</i>  <i>Sun/partial shade</i>  up to 6' high; up to 3' spread</p> <p>Yellow blooms August – November; tolerates a wide variety of soils; sometimes unfairly blamed for hay fever caused by ragweed; produces allelopathic compounds that can suppress growth of nearby plants; Larval host: Wavy-lined Emerald (<i>Synchlora aerata</i>), Goldenrod Gall Fly (<i>Eurosta solidaginis</i>) and the Goldenrod Bunch Gall Midge (<i>Rhopalomyia solidaginis</i>).</p>
	<p>Horseherb (aka Straggler Daisy) <i>Calyptocarpus vialis</i></p> <p> <i>High Deer Resistance</i>  <i>Low Water Use</i>  <i>Sun/partial shade/shade</i>  typically about 2" high but can grow to 1'; spreading groundcover</p> <p>Low growing shade-tolerant groundcover tolerates moderate foot traffic. Spreads aggressively. Useful in dry shade conditions where a dense mat of foliage is needed. Tiny, yellow daisy flowers add a minute touch of color to shady areas and attract small butterflies.</p>
	<p>Liatris <i>Liatris punctata var. mucronate</i> <i>aka Gayfeather</i></p> <p> <i>High Deer Resistance</i>  <i>Low Water Use</i>  <i>Sun/partial sun</i>  up to 3' high</p> <p>Showy blooms attract butterflies and hummingbirds which makes this a wonderful addition to any pollinator garden. It has stiff unbranched stems, needs well drained soil and self-seeds readily. Drought and cold tolerant.</p>
	<p>Lyre Leaf Sage <i>Salvia lyrata</i></p> <p> <i>Low Deer Resistance</i>  <i>Moderate Water Use</i>  <i>Partial shade/shade</i>  up to 12" high; up to 12" spread</p> <p>A shade loving groundcover that reaches a height of only about 5 inches. It has dark green to purplish leaves and light blue flower clusters atop foot tall bloom spikes. This perennial can be used in place of Ajuga</p>
	<p>Mealy Blue Sage 'Henry Duelberg' <i>Salvia farinacea 'Henry Duelberg'</i></p>

	<p>  <i>High Deer Resistance</i>  <i>Low/Moderate Water Use</i>  <i>Sun/partial shade</i>  <i>up to 36" high; up to 36" spread</i> </p> <p>This Texas Superstar perennial was found growing in a Central Texas cemetery. It is larger than the native <i>S. farinacea</i> with deeper blue blooms. Blooms March – August; attracts bees and butterflies.</p>
	<p> Mexican Bush Sage <i>Salvia leucantha</i>  <i>Moderate Deer Resistance</i>  <i>Low Water Use</i>  <i>Sun</i>  <i>up to 4' high; up to 4' spread</i> </p> <p>A mini-shrub with silver green foliage that spreads and mounds. It grows rapidly throughout the summer and explodes with multiple light purple blooms in the fall. Give this plant plenty of room in your garden.</p>
	<p> Penstemon, Brazos <i>Penstemon tenuis</i> <i>aka Gulf Coast Penstemon</i> </p> <p>  <i>Moderate Deer Resistance</i>  <i>Moderate Water Use</i>  <i>Sun, Part Shade</i>  <i>up to 18" high;</i> </p> <p>Blooms March-June. Branched, erect stems, with oblong to lance-shaped leaves. One inch purple bell flowers on short spikes. May rebloom in fall.</p>
	<p> Pink Skullcap <i>Scutellaria suffrutescens</i> </p> <p>  <i>Moderate Deer Resistance</i>  <i>Low Water Use</i>  <i>Sun</i>  <i>up to 10" high; up to 18" spread</i> </p> <p>A low growing, evergreen perennial that forms a tight spreading mound. This is a tough plant that after cutting back in early spring needs no more care when planted in full sun and a well-drained area. It is drought tolerant, deer resistant, and blooms throughout warm weather.</p>
	<p> Missouri Primrose <i>Oenothera macrocarpa</i> </p> <p>  <i>Low Deer Resistance</i>  <i>Low Water Use</i>  <i>Sun, Part Shade</i>  <i>up to 1' high; up to 1.5' spread</i> </p> <p>Yellow blooms April – August; petals open in the evening and close the next day; low, mounding habit; may go dormant in a hot, summer.</p>
	<p> Primrose, Showy (Pink Evening) <i>Oenothera speciosa</i> </p> <p>  <i>Low Deer Resistance</i>  <i>Low Water Use</i>  <i>Sun to shade</i>  <i>low growing</i> </p> <p>Full sun groundcover with showy flowers. Semi-evergreen, upright to sprawling. Not picky about soil. Hardy. Blooms best in full sun. Can be dense foliage groundcover in shade. Can be mowed. Important nectar source for pollinators.</p>
	<p> Salvia greggii <i>Salvia greggii</i> <i>Also called Autumn Sage, Cherry Sage</i> </p> <p>  <i>High Deer Resistance</i>  <i>Low Water Use</i>  <i>Sun/partial shade</i>  <i>up to 36" high; up to 36" spread</i> </p>

	<p>An outstanding Texas native that enjoys full sun and poor soil. Blooms sporadically throughout the growing season. Dead head spent blooms aggressively to encourage nearly non-stop blooming. True native blooms red.</p>
	<p>Salvia gregii varieties (may have Lipstick, Pink, White)</p> <p> High Deer Resistance  Low Water Use  Sun/partial shade  up to 36" high; up to 36" spread</p> <p>An outstanding Texas native that enjoys full sun and poor soil. Blooms sporadically throughout the growing season. Dead head spent blooms aggressively to encourage nearly non-stop blooming. True native blooms red; There are "nativars" in different color varieties such as 'Lipstick', red, white and pink.</p>
	<p>Skeleton Leaf Goldeneye <i>Viguiera stenoloba</i></p> <p> High Deer Resistance  Low Water Use  Sun  1'-3' high; 2'-3' spread</p> <p>This plant forms a rounded mound of skeletal dark green leaves covered with yellow daisy type flowers late in the season. It is evergreen and not favored by deer. Heat and drought tolerant, it is a nice addition to a perennial garden or as an accent.</p>
	<p>Snake Herb <i>Dyschoriste linearis</i></p> <p> Minimal Deer Resistance  Low Water Use  Sun/partial shad  6"-12" high; spreading groundcover</p> <p>A low-growing perennial groundcover for sunny to part sunny areas. The purple bell-shaped flowers attract bees and butterflies all season long. It is drought and heat tolerant but can also withstand wet conditions.</p>
	<p>Texas Betony <i>Stachys coccinea</i></p> <p> Low Deer Resistance  Moderate Water Use  Sun/Partial Sun  up to 3' high; up to 3' spread</p> <p>This low growing perennial is a hummingbird magnet. Coral colored flowers appear spring through fall, and are encouraged to repeat with regular pruning. Best in full sun to preserve good form, but will tolerate light shade also.</p>
	<p>Tropical Sage <i>Salvia coccinea</i> <i>aka Salvia, Tropical Red</i></p> <p> Low Deer Resistance  Moderate Water Use  Partial Sun  up to 30" high; up to 12" spread</p> <p>Tropical sage is a real performer when you have shade and a large area to cover. Red blooms throughout the season give way to large seed crops, providing many plants for next year. Best used away from formal flowerbeds.</p>
	<p>Winecup <i>Callirhoe involucrate</i></p> <p> Low Deer Resistance  Moderate Water Use  Sun – part sun  up to 1' high; up to 3' spread</p> <p>Mounding, herbaceous perennial with lovely 2 1/2" magenta flowers. Drought tolerant native groundcover for sunny areas that will cascade over walls.</p>





	<p>Yarrow, White <i>Achillea millefolium</i></p> <p>🦌 High Deer Resistance 🌧 Moderate Water Use ☀ Sun – part shade 📏 up to 3' high</p> <p>A good garden plant, can be used in fresh or dried arrangements. Flat-topped clusters of small, whitish fragrant flowers. Fragrant foliage. Can spread aggressively by rhizomes. Self-seeds. Special value to native bees.</p>
<p>VINES</p>	
	<p>Coral Honeysuckle <i>Lonicera sempervirens</i></p> <p>🦌 Low Deer Resistance 🌧 Medium Water Use ☀ Sun 📏 20' high</p> <p>Twining woody vine that is evergreen and has coral/red flowers that are valued by hummingbirds. Perfect for a fence or trellis, Coral Honeysuckle is non-invasive unlike its introduced cousins. Easy to grow and drought tolerant.</p>
<p>GRASSES AND SEDGES</p>	
	<p>Big (aka Lindheimer's) Muhly <i>Muhlenbergia lindheimeri</i></p> <p>🦌 High Deer Resistance 🌧 Low Water Use ☀ Sun 📏 2'-4' high; 2'-4' spread</p> <p>Fine, blue-green foliage gives way to airy, fluffy white blooms in early fall. A good substitute for Pampas Grass and a nice addition to perennial beds. A lovely, well-behaved native grass that tolerates Texas heat, drought and soils! High deer resistance.</p>
	<p>Blue Grama <i>Bouteloua gracilis</i></p> <p>🦌 High Deer Resistance 🌧 Low to Medium Water Use ☀ Sun/partial shade 📏 1'-2' high; 1'-2' spread</p> <p>This drought-resistant bunch grass can be planted alongside wildflowers to mimic a natural prairie landscape. It is often planted with Buffalograss to create a sustainable alternative to commonly used turf grasses. Among the shortest of the native ornamental grasses, it is fine-leaved and produces seed heads which are suspended horizontally like tiny brushes from the tip of each stem. The plant turns tan when dormant.</p>
	<p>Deer Muhly (aka Deergrass) <i>Muhlenbergia rigens</i></p> <p>🦌 High Deer Resistance 🌧 Low Water Use ☀ Sun 📏 3' high plus 2' plume</p> <p>Looks like small pampas grass but without the bad leaf cuts and aggressive seeding. Much more useful because of its size. Use in dry gardens, dry slopes, along driveways or along street edge to slow runoff. Good addition to native and wild garden for habitat.</p>
	<p>Gulf Coast Muhly (aka Pink Muhly) <i>Muhlenbergia capillaris</i></p> <p>🦌 High Deer Resistance 🌧 Low, Medium Water Use ☀ Sun 📏 2'-3' high; 2'-3' spread</p> <p>The soft, round form of this clumping grass makes it perfect for small gardens. Blooms look like a purple haze in the fall.</p>

	<p>Indiangrass <i>Sorghastrum nutans</i></p> <p> High Deer Resistance  Medium Water Use  Sun  up to 36" high with seed heads up to 96"</p> <p>One of the "Big Four" important tall native prairie grasses. Produces beautiful heavy, plume-like, golden seed heads in fall. Seeds eaten by birds. Larval host for skipper butterflies. Drought and cold tolerant and prefers areas with some moisture.</p>
	<p>Inland Sea Oats <i>Chasmanthium latifolium</i></p> <p> High Deer Resistance  Medium Water Use  Partial shade/shade  2'-5' high; 3'-6' spread</p> <p>A graceful, native grass with wide blades and attractive seed heads. The spiked seed heads are flat and hang down from the stem, turning from green to brown. It prefers moist areas but will tolerate poor soil and can be used in re-vegetation projects, however it can reseed itself prolifically. Seed heads are also used in flower arrangements.</p>
	<p>Little Bluestem <i>Schizachyrium scoparium</i></p> <p> High Deer Resistance  Low Water Use  Sun/partial shade  up 4' high</p> <p>An upright, silver blue grass that turns bronze colored in the fall, making it a great addition to the landscape. Very ornamental and well behaved bunch grass. This drought tolerant native prairie grass will grow up to 3 or 4 feet under irrigation. Tolerates wide range of soils but not wetlands or repeated mowing.</p>
	<p>Sideoats Grama <i>Bouteloua curtipendula</i></p> <p> High Deer Resistance  Low Water Use  Sun/partial shade  1'-3' high</p> <p>Texas state grass. An attractive garden accent with red foliage in fall. A medium tall bunchgrass that mixes well with spring wildflowers. Seed heads form in late summer, early fall. Reseeds easily. Tolerates drought and cold. High deer resistance. Larval host for skipper butterflies.</p>
	<p>Switchgrass <i>Panicum virgatum</i></p> <p> High Deer Resistance  Medium Water Use  Sun/partial shade  up to 6' high</p> <p>One of the "big four" native prairie grasses. Bright green leaves turn bright yellow in fall. Lacy reddish seed heads. Use as a garden accent or erosion control. A rhizomatous, loose sod former with a 10-ft. deep root system. Tolerates dry but thrives in moist. Provides seed and cover for wildlife. High deer resistance.</p>
	<p>Webberville Sedge <i>Carex perdentata</i></p> <p> High Deer Resistance  Medium Water Use  Sun/partial shade  up to ' high</p> <p>Also called Texas Hill Country Sedge or Sand Sedge, this sedge is excellent for unimproved or natural areas. It is cold hardy and very drought tolerant. Evergreen and deer resistant, and it can also be used as a substitute for turf.</p>

	<p>Whitetop Sedge <i>Rhynchospora colorata</i></p> <p>  High Deer Resistance  Medium - High Water Use  Sun/partial shade  up to ' high </p> <p>Showy grass-like plant with narrow, long, tapering green blades that arise from the base. Grows in ponds, marshy areas, or in moist garden soil. Tolerates brackish water.</p>
	<p>Woodland Sedge <i>Carex blanda</i> aka Creek Sedge</p> <p>  High Deer Resistance  Medium – High Water Use  Sun/partial shade  up to 2' high </p> <p>Similar to a grass with broad linear foliage. It can be used as an evergreen groundcover or as a specimen plant. Grows in moist areas; needs good drainage.</p>
<p>SHRUBS</p>	
	<p>Aromatic (aka Fragrant) Sumac <i>Rhus aromatica</i></p> <p>  High Deer Resistance  Low Water Use  Sun/partial shade  2'-6' high; 6'-10' spread </p> <p>A dense, low growing, rambling shrub with aromatic leaves and twigs. Deciduous, adaptable to a variety of soils and conditions. Useful in hard to cover areas. Important wildlife plant. Flowers provide early nectar. Berries on female plants provide winter food for wildlife. High deer resistance.</p>
	<p>Button Bush <i>Cephalanthus occidentalis</i></p> <p>  Moderate Deer Resistance  High Water Use  Sun/partial shade  5'-12' high; 4'-8' spread </p> <p>This fast growing deciduous shrub thrives in moist areas. Its spherical flowers attract butterflies. Needs supplemental water on drier soils.</p>
	<p>Compact Texas Sage <i>Leucophyllum frutescens 'Compactum'</i></p> <p>  High Deer Resistance  Low Water Use  Sun/partial shade  4' high; 4' spread </p> <p>Smaller version of Texas Sage (Cenizo). Blooms after summer rain. Semi-evergreen, drought and heat tolerant, it does not do well with too much water or shade. Prefers rocky well-drained soils. Nectar source for bees and butterflies. Easy to maintain.</p>
	<p>Corralberry <i>Symphoricarpos orbiculatus</i> aka Indian Currant, Buckbrush</p> <p>  Low Deer Resistance  Low – Medium Water Use  Part shade/shade  4'-10' high; 1'- 2' spread </p> <p>A low-growing shrub with purple stems. Blooms April-September. The fruit is a red to purple berry. prefers well-drained, moist, loamy, or rocky soil. Spreads by runners. Common in Post Oak woodlands.</p>







Elbow Bush *Foresteria pubescens*

 *Low Deer Resistance*  *Low – Medium Water Use*  *Sun/partial shade*  6'-10' high; 8'-10' spread

Little yellow/green flowers appear along the stems of this spreading deciduous shrub in early spring. One of the first nectar plants for butterflies to bloom. Does best with moderate water but is also resistant to drought.



Green Texas Sage *Leucophyllum frutescens*

 *High Deer Resistance*  *Low Water Use*  *Sun*  4'-8' high; 4'-8' spread

A medium sized shrub with gray-green leaves and a profusion of purple flowers in summer. Being semi-evergreen this plant makes a fine accent specimen or can be used in hedges and mass plantings. Drought and heat tolerant, it does not do well with too much water or shade.